

OCJS Special Report

Ohio Statistical Analysis Center

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Crime in the United States 2014 **Ohio Data**

In September 2015, the Federal Bureau of Investigation released *Crime in the United States 2014*. This annual publication is a compilation of statistics collected by the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program, which is a nationwide, cooperative statistical effort of more than 18,000 city, university and college, county, state, tribal, and federal law enforcement agencies voluntarily reporting data on crimes brought to their attention. During 2014, law enforcement agencies active in the UCR program represented 97.7 percent of the total population.

Data for Ohio, the East North Central region of the Midwest¹ and the U.S. are summarized below.

Violent Crime is defined in the UCR Program as offenses which involve force or threat of force. Violent crimes include murder and non-negligent manslaughter, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. There was a 0.9 percent decrease in the overall rate (per 100,000 population) of violent crime in the U.S. from 2013 to 2014. When considering five- and ten-year trends, the 2014 estimated violent crime total was 9.6 percent below the 2010 level and 22.1 percent below the 2005 level. The East North Central region showed a rate decrease of 3.9 percent from 2013 to 2014. In Ohio, the rate decreased 2.2 percent, from 291.4 per 100,000 population to 284.9 per 100,000 population. Ohio's violent crime rate is lower than the nation's rate of 375.7 per 100,000 population.

- **Murder and non-negligent manslaughter**
 - In the U.S., the murder rate decreased 1.2 percent.
 - In the East North Central Region, the murder rate decreased 7.2 percent.
 - In Ohio, the murder rate decreased 3.1 percent to 4.0 per 100,000 population, which is lower than that of the East North Central Region (4.7) and the U.S. (4.5).
- **Rape**^{2 3}
 - In the U.S., the rate of rape increased 1.8 percent.

¹ The East North Central region consists of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.

² Rape is now defined as the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. The revised definition expands rape to include both male and female victims and offenders, and reflects the various forms of sexual penetration understood to be rape, especially non-consenting acts of sodomy, and sexual assaults with objects.

³ Because of changes in the state's reporting practices, use caution when comparing previous years' data.

- In the East North Central Region, the rate of rape decreased 6.2 percent.
- In Ohio⁴, the rate of rape increased 14.6 percent to 43.5 per 100,000 population, which is higher than both East North Central (41.4) and the U.S. (36.6).
- **Robbery**
 - In the U.S., the robbery rate decreased 6.3 percent.
 - In the East North Central Region the robbery rate decreased 11.6 percent.
 - In Ohio, the robbery rate decreased 12.1 percent, to 110.0 per 100,000 population. Ohio's robbery rate is higher than that of the U.S. (102.2) and the East North Central Region (102.8).
- **Aggravated Assault**
 - In the U.S., the aggravated assault rate increased 1.3 percent.
 - In the East North Central Region the aggravated assault rate increased 1.3 percent.
 - In Ohio, the aggravated assault rate increased 2.6 percent. Ohio's rate (127.4 per 100,000) is less than the rate of the East North Central Region (201.8) and the U.S. (232.5).

Violent Crime 2014

		Violent Crime			Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter		Rape*		Robbery		Aggravated Assault	
		Population	Number	Rate ⁵	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
United States	2013	316,497,531	1,199,684	379.1	14,319	4.5	113,695	35.9	345,095	109.0	726,575	229.6
	2014	318,857,056	1,197,987	375.7	14,249	4.5	116,645	36.6	325,802	102.2	741,291	232.5
	Percent change		-0.1%	-0.9%	-0.5%	-1.2%	+2.6%	+1.8%	-5.6	-6.3	+2.0	+1.3
East North Central Region	2013	46,674,416	170,180	364.6	2,345	5.0	20,593	44.1	54,257	116.2	92,985	199.2
	2014	46,739,039	163,854	350.6	2,179	4.7	19,334	41.4	48,036	102.8	94,305	201.8
	Percent change		-3.7%	-3.9%	-7.1%	-7.2%	-6.1%	-6.2%	-11.5%	-11.6%	+1.4%	+1.3%
Ohio	2013	11,572,005	33,722	291.4	478	4.1	4,391	37.9	14,483	125.2	14,370	124.2
	2014	11,594,163	33,030	284.9	464	4.0	5,042	43.5	12,753	110.0	14,771	127.4
	Percent change		-2.1%	-2.2%	-2.9%	-3.1%	+14.8%	+14.6%	-11.9%	-12.1%	+2.8%	+2.6%

*Includes only the new definition. Please refer to the *Crime in the United States 2014* report for more information on 2013-2014 rape legacy number and rate comparisons.

Property Crime within the UCR Program includes the offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft and arson⁶. Theft-type offenses are the taking of money or property, but there is no force or threat of force against the victims. The property crime rate in the U.S. decreased 5.0 percent, from 2733.3 per 100,000 population to 2596.1 per 100,000 population. In the East North Central region the property crime rate decreased 7.6 percent. In Ohio, the overall property crime rate decreased 4.3 percent.

⁴ Because of changes in the state's reporting practices, use caution when comparing previous years' data.

⁵ Rate per 100,000 population

⁶ Although arson victims may be subject to force, arson is considered a property crime because it involves the destruction of property. However, the UCR Program does not have sufficient data to estimate arson offenses.

- **Burglary**
 - In the U.S., the burglary rate decreased 11.1 percent.
 - In the East North Central region, the burglary rate decreased 15.6 percent.
 - In Ohio, the burglary rate decreased 13.6 percent from 787.2 per 100,000 population to 680.0 per 100,000 population. This rate is higher than that of the U.S. (542.5) and the East North Central region (494.5).
- **Larceny-theft**
 - In the U.S., larceny-theft rate decreased 3.4 percent.
 - In the East North Central region, larceny-theft rate decreased 5.0 percent.
 - In Ohio, the larceny-theft rate decreased 0.2 percent, from 1,968.5 per 100,000 population to 1,963.6 per 100,000 population. This rate is higher than both the East North Central Region (1,664.4) and the U.S. (1,837.3).
- **Motor vehicle theft**
 - In the U.S., the motor vehicle theft rate decreased 2.3 percent.
 - In the East North Central Region, the motor vehicle theft rate decreased 6.7 percent.
 - In Ohio, the motor vehicle theft rate decreased 7.9 percent from 168.7 per 100,000 population to 155.4 per 100,000 population. This rate is lower than the East North Central Region (172.0) and the U.S. (216.2).

Property Crime 2014										
		Population	Property Crime		Burglary		Larceny-theft		Motor Vehicle Theft	
			Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
United States Total	2013	316,497,531	8,650,761	2,733.3	1,931,835	610.4	6,018,632	1,901.6	700,294	221.3
	2014	318,857,056	8,277,829	2,596.1	1,729,806	542.5	5,858,496	1,837.3	689,527	216.2
	Percent change		-4.3%	-5.0%	-10.5%	-11.1%	-2.7%	-3.4%	-1.5%	-2.3%
East North Central Region	2013	46,674,416	1,177,763	2,523.4	273,551	586.1	818,132	1,752.8	86,080	184.4
	2014	46,739,039	1,089,474	2,331.0	231,146	494.5	777,925	1,664.4	80,403	172.0
	Percent change		-7.5%	-7.6%	-15.5%	-15.6%	-4.9%	-5.0%	-6.6%	-6.7%
Ohio	2013	11,572,005	338,414	2,924.4	91,090	787.2	227,799	1,968.5	19,525	168.7
	2014	11,594,163	324,528	2,799.1	78,845	680.0	227,668	1,963.6	18,015	155.4
	Percent change		-4.1%	-4.3%	-13.4%	-13.6%	-0.1%	-0.2%	-7.7%	-7.9%

Change in Violent Crime Rates from 2013 to 2014

	Ohio ⁷	National/Regional
Violent Crime Ohio: Decrease of 2.2%	Akron: Decrease of 13.3%	National: Decrease of 0.9%
	Canton: Increase of 8.8%	East North Central: Reported a decrease of 3.9% in the violent crime rate. Wisconsin and Indiana were the only states to report an increase in the rate of violent crime.
	Cincinnati: Decrease of 5.0%	
	Cleveland: Decrease of 9.7%	
	Dayton: Decrease of 1.8%	
	Toledo: Increase of 6.4%	
	Youngstown: Decrease of 19.1%	
Murder Ohio: Decrease of 3.1%	Akron: Increase of 13.0%	National: Decrease of 1.2%
	Canton: Decrease of 26.7%	East North Central: Reported a decrease of 7.2% in the murder rate. Wisconsin was the only state to report an increase in the rate of murder.
	Cincinnati: Decrease of 14.4%	
	Cleveland: Increase of 14.6%	
	Dayton: Decrease of 4.7%	
	Toledo: Decrease of 14.1%	
	Youngstown: Increase of 0.2%	
Rape Ohio: Increase of 14.6%	Akron: Increase of 7.1%	National: Increase of 1.8%
	Canton*:	East North Central: Reported a decrease of 6.2% in the rate of rape. Ohio was the only state to report an increase in the rate of rape.
	Cincinnati: Increase of 14.1%	
	Cleveland: Increase of 15.7%	
	Dayton: Increase of 24.4%	
	Toledo: Increase of 80.3%	
	Youngstown: Increase of 31.3%	
Robbery Ohio: Decrease of 12.1%	Akron: Decrease of 17.4%	National: Decrease of 6.3%
	Canton: Decrease of 35.9%	East North Central: Reported a decrease of 11.6% in the robbery rate. Wisconsin was the only state to report an increase in the rate of robbery.
	Cincinnati: Decrease of 16.1%	
	Cleveland: Decrease of 14.2%	
	Dayton: Increase of 1.8%	
	Toledo: Decrease of 1.2%	
	Youngstown: Decrease of 21.1%	
Aggravated Assault Ohio: Increase of 2.6%	Akron: Decrease of 15.3%	National: Increase of 1.3%
	Canton: Increase of 73.5%	East North Central: Reported an increase of 1.3% in the aggravated assault rate. Illinois was the only state to report a decrease in the rate of aggravated assault.
	Cincinnati: Increase of 10.6%	
	Cleveland: Decrease of 7.6%	
	Dayton: Decrease of 9.8%	
	Toledo: Increase of 5.5%	
	Youngstown: Decrease of 23.0%	

*2013 data unavailable, therefore rate changes from 2013 to 2014 could not be calculated.

⁷ Violent and property crime rates for Columbus in 2013 were not available, therefore rate changes from 2013 to 2014 could not be calculated.

Change in Property Crime Rates from 2013 to 2014

	Ohio	National/Regional
Property Crime Ohio: Decrease of 4.3%	Akron: Decrease of 5.8%	National: Decrease of 5.0%
	Canton: Decrease of 7.4%	East North Central: Reported a decrease of 7.6% in the property crime rate. All states reported a decrease in the rate of property crime. Michigan reported the greatest decrease in the rate of property crime.
	Cincinnati: Decrease of 4.3%	
	Cleveland: Decrease of 8.7%	
	Dayton: Increase of 2.5%	
	Toledo*:	
	Youngstown: Decrease of 10.6%	
Burglary Ohio: Decrease of 13.6%	Akron: Decrease of 7.0%	National: Decrease of 11.1%
	Canton: Decrease of 15.9%	East North Central: Reported a decrease of 15.6% in the burglary rate. All states reported a decrease in the rate of burglary. Michigan reported the greatest decrease in the rate of burglary.
	Cincinnati: Decrease of 12.2%	
	Cleveland: Decrease of 0.2%	
	Dayton: Increase of 12.3%	
	Toledo: Decrease of 15.8%	
	Youngstown: Decrease of 12.1%	
Larceny-Theft Ohio: Decrease of 0.2%	Akron: Decrease of 5.0%	National: Decrease of 3.4%
	Canton: Increase of 2.6%	East North Central: Reported a decrease of 5.0% in the larceny-theft rate. All states reported a decrease in the rate of larceny-theft. Michigan reported the greatest decrease in the rate of larceny-theft.
	Cincinnati: Increase of 1.0%	
	Cleveland: Decrease of 4.0%	
	Dayton: Decrease of 2.1%	
	Toledo:	
	Youngstown: Decrease of 6.9%	
Motor Vehicle Theft Ohio: Decrease of 7.9%	Akron: Decrease of 8.0%	National: Decrease of 2.3%
	Canton: Decrease of 42.5%	East North Central: Reported a decrease of 6.7% in the motor vehicle theft rate. Wisconsin was the only state to report an increase in the rate of motor vehicle theft.
	Cincinnati: Decrease of 14.3%	
	Cleveland: Decrease of 6.8%	
	Dayton: Decrease of 5.4%	
	Toledo: Decrease of 10.2%	
	Youngstown: Decrease of 21.6%	
Arson Ohio: No data available	Akron: Decrease of 20.9%	National: No data available
	Canton: Decrease of 36.0%	East North Central: No data available
	Cincinnati: Increase of 42.9%	
	Cleveland: Decrease of 4.0%	
	Dayton: Decrease of 34.8%	
	Toledo:	
	Youngstown: Increase of 319.5%	

*For some property crime rates in Toledo, both 2013 and 2014 data were unavailable, therefore rate changes from 2013 to 2014 could not be calculated.

Violent and Property Crime Trends

