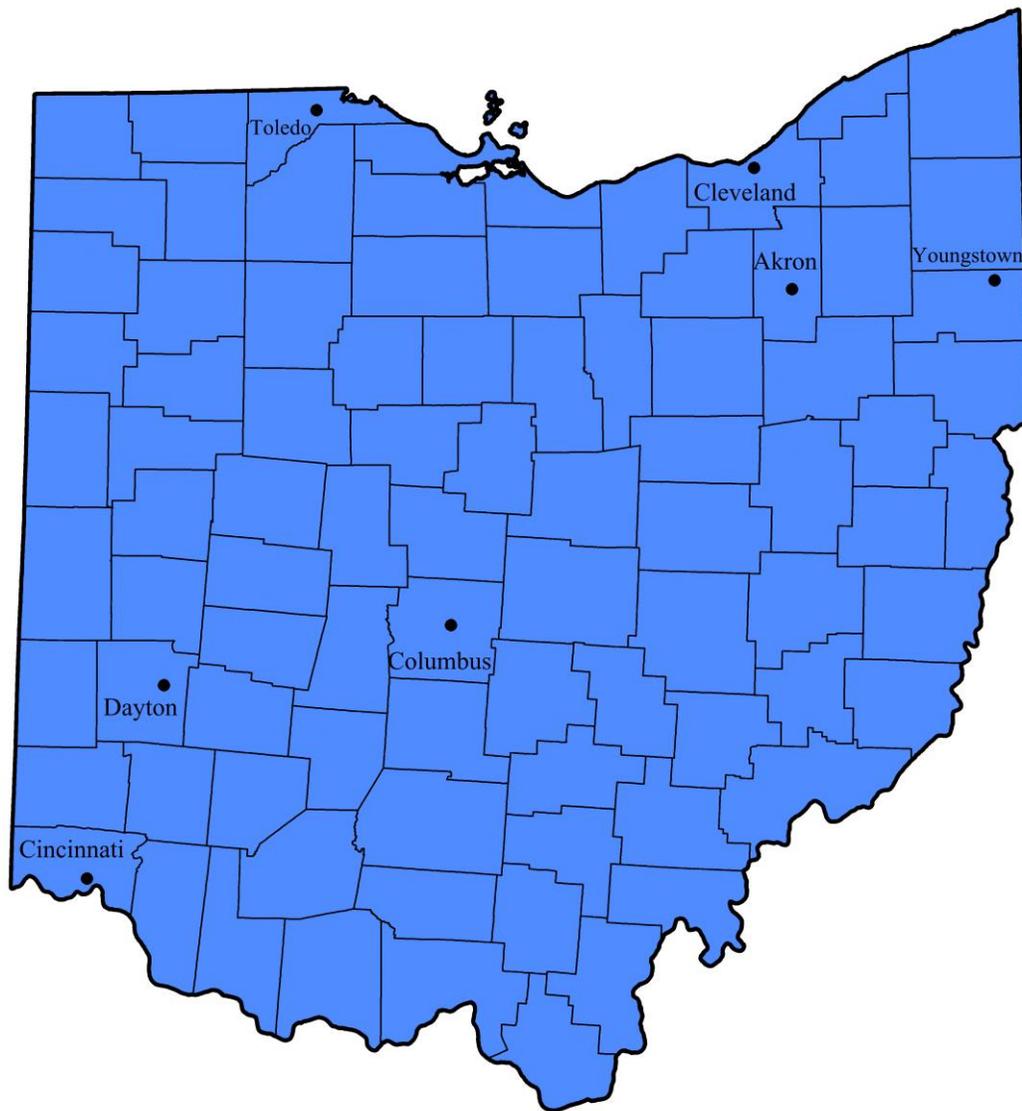


Office of Criminal Justice Services Quarterly Report

Crime in Major Ohio Cities



2nd Quarter, 2015

April 1st – June 30th

Alan Wedd, M.S. & Katherine Bubeleva, B.S.



Overview

- ❖ This report provides information about crimes occurring in major Ohio cities during the second quarter (April 1st – June 30th) of 2015. The cities included in this report are Akron, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, Toledo, and Youngstown.
- ❖ Data for this report are taken from the Ohio Incident-Based Reporting System (OIBRS). OIBRS is a voluntary crime reporting program that allows Ohio law enforcement agencies to electronically submit crime statistics to state and federal government agencies.
- ❖ The data included in this report consist of the seven most severe categories of offenses collected by the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. These offenses are known as Part 1 crimes, and are divided in to two categories: violent crimes (murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) and property crimes (burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson¹).
- ❖ Data from the second quarter of 2015 are compared to the second quarter of 2014 to provide context.

Disclaimer: Data included in this report are preliminary, and only as accurate as the data provided by local law enforcement agencies.

¹ Arson data are omitted from this report due to limited reporting of offenses.

2014

2015

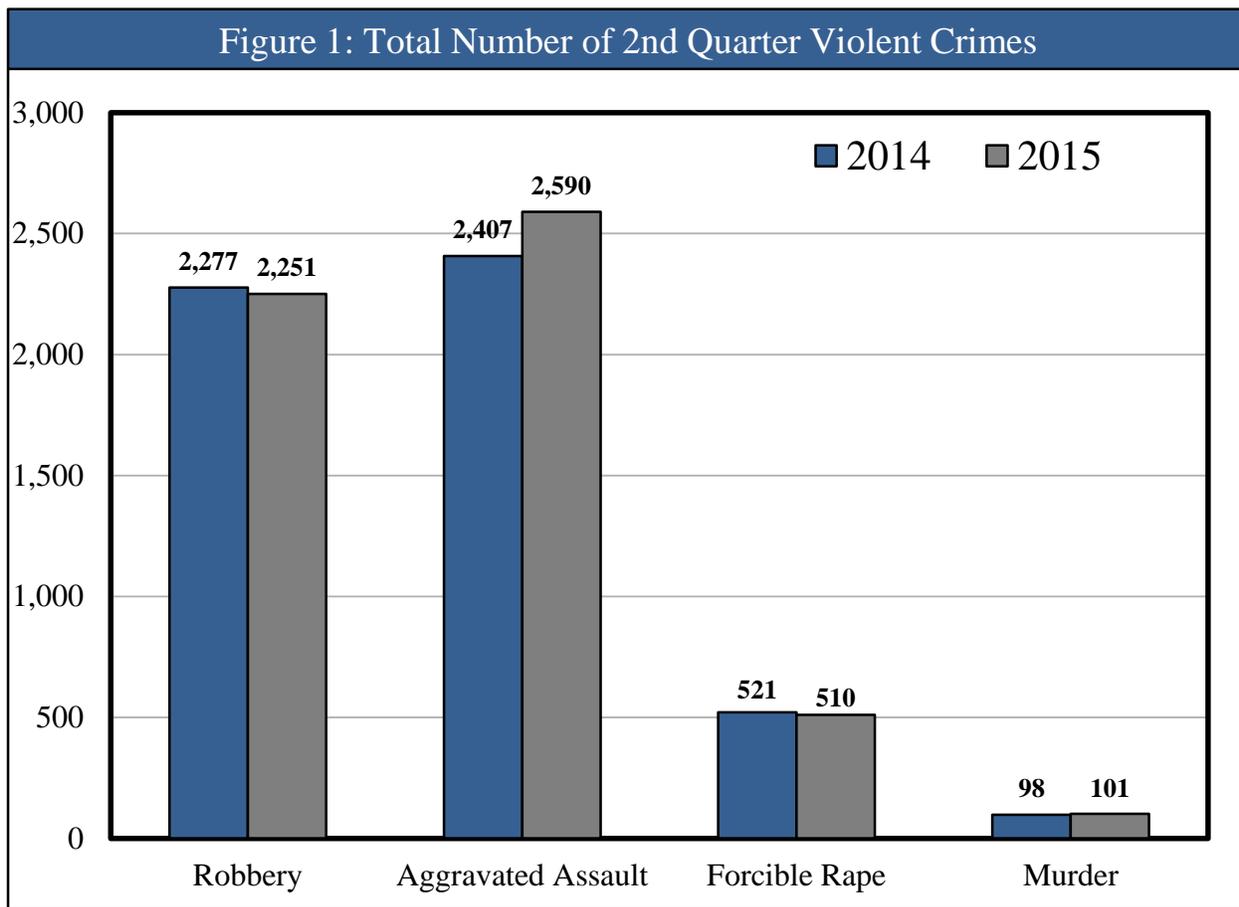


Summary

- ❖ A total of 30,900 Part 1 crimes were reported in major Ohio cities during the second quarter of 2015. This represents a **6.3% decrease** from the 32,964 Part 1 crimes reported during the second quarter of 2014.
- ❖ The 5,452 violent crimes reported in the second quarter of 2015 represents a **2.8% increase** from the 5,303 violent crimes reported in the second quarter of 2014.
- ❖ The 25,448 property crimes reported in the second quarter of 2015 represent an **8.0% decrease** from the 27,661 property crimes reported in the second quarter of 2014.
- ❖ Akron and Columbus were the only cities to report a decrease in violent crime from the second quarter of 2014 to the second quarter of 2015.
- ❖ Akron was the only city to report an increase in property crime from the second quarter of 2014 to the second quarter of 2015.

Violent Crime

- ❖ According to the UCR Program, violent crimes are offenses that involve force or the threat of force. Four different offenses are categorized as violent crimes: murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.
- ❖ Robberies and forcible rapes decreased between the second quarter of 2014 and the second quarter of 2015, while aggravated assaults and murders increased during the same timeframe.



2nd Quarter Crime in Major Ohio Cities, 2015

Table 1: Robbery, Q2, 2014 & 2015					
City	2014 Total	2014 Rate	2015 Total	2015 Rate	% Change
Akron	92	46.50	109	55.09	18.5% increase
Cincinnati	365	122.42	318	106.65	12.9% decrease
Cleveland	820	210.51	798	204.87	2.7% decrease
Columbus	575	68.78	631	75.48	9.7% increase
Dayton	160	113.47	126	89.36	21.3% decrease
Toledo	233	82.91	228	81.13	2.1% decrease
Youngstown	32	49.18	41	63.02	28.1% increase
Total	2,277	103.10	2,251	101.92	1.1% decrease

- ❖ **Robberies decreased by 1.1%** during the second quarter of 2015².
- ❖ Akron, Columbus, and Youngstown reported an increase in robberies.

Table 2: Aggravated Assault, Q2, 2014 & 2015					
City	2014 Total	2014 Rate	2015 Total	2015 Rate	% Change
Akron	261	131.91	195	98.56	25.3% decrease
Cincinnati	331	111.01	446	149.58	34.7% increase
Cleveland	558	143.25	617	158.40	10.6% increase
Columbus	558	66.75	483	57.78	13.4% decrease
Dayton	170	120.56	239	169.50	40.6% increase
Toledo	437	155.50	516	183.61	18.1% increase
Youngstown	92	141.40	94	144.48	2.2% increase
Total	2,407	108.98	2,590	117.27	7.6% increase

- ❖ **Aggravated assaults increased by 7.6%** during the second quarter of 2015.
- ❖ Akron and Columbus reported a decrease in aggravated assaults.

² % change is calculated based on rate. Rate describes the total number of offenses per 100,000 people and is rounded to the nearest hundredth. Rounding may lead to discrepancies for column and row totals.

2nd Quarter Crime in Major Ohio Cities, 2015

Table 3: Forcible Rape, Q2, 2014 & 2015					
City	2014 Total	2014 Rate	2015 Total	2015 Rate	% Change
Akron	42	21.23	45	22.74	7.1% increase
Cincinnati	61	20.46	51	17.10	16.4% decrease
Cleveland	138	35.43	115	29.52	16.7% decrease
Columbus	184	22.01	190	22.73	3.3% increase
Dayton	32	22.69	40	28.37	25% increase
Toledo	50	17.79	56	19.93	12% increase
Youngstown	14	21.52	13	19.98	7.1% decrease
Total	521	23.59	510	23.09	2.1% decrease

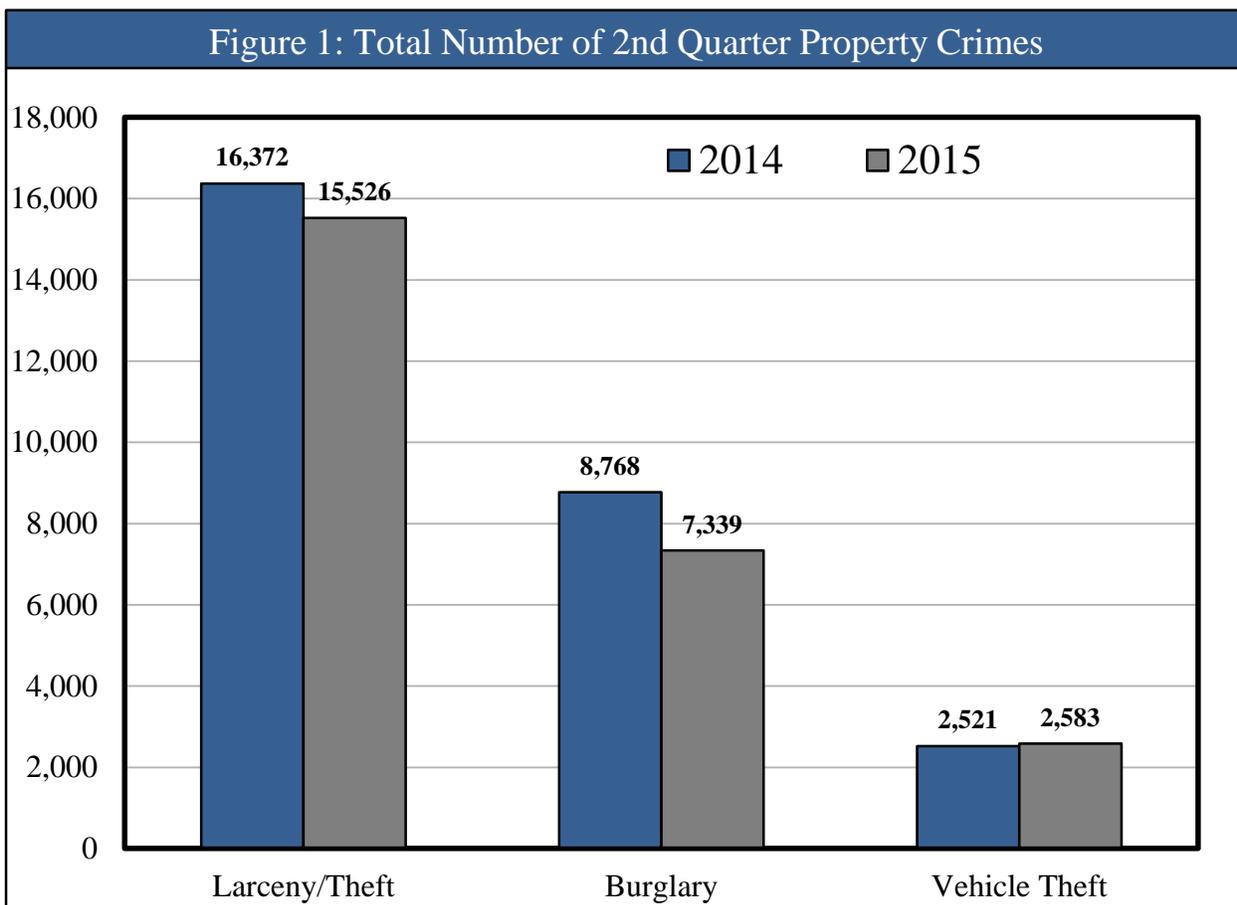
- ❖ **Forcible rapes decreased by 2.1%** during the second quarter of 2015.
- ❖ Cincinnati, Cleveland, and Youngstown reported a decrease in forcible rape offenses.

Table 4: Murder, Q2 , 2014 & 2015					
City	2014 Total	2014 Rate	2015 Total	2015 Rate	% Change
Akron	8	4.04	5	2.53	37.5% decrease
Cincinnati	21	7.04	26	8.72	23.8% increase
Cleveland	20	5.13	33	8.47	65% increase
Columbus	31	3.71	25	2.99	19.4% decrease
Dayton	5	3.55	4	2.84	20% decrease
Toledo	8	2.85	3	1.07	62.5% decrease
Youngstown	5	7.68	5	7.68	0% decrease
Total	98	4.44	101	4.57	3.1% increase

- ❖ **Murders increased by 3.1%** during the second quarter of 2015.
- ❖ Cincinnati and Cleveland reported an increase in murders.

Property Crimes

- ❖ According to the UCR Program, property crimes are offenses involving the taking of money or property without force or the threat of force against a victim. Three different offenses are categorized as property crime: burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft.
- ❖ Larcenies/thefts and burglaries decreased between the second quarter of 2014 and the second quarter of 2015, while motor vehicle thefts increased.



2nd Quarter Crime in Major Ohio Cities, 2015

Table 5: Larceny/Theft, Q2, 2014 & 2015					
City	2014 Total	2014 Rate	2015 Total	2015 Rate	% Change
Akron	1,461	738.40	1,491	753.57	2.1% increase
Cincinnati	2,729	915.27	2,852	956.52	4.5% increase
Cleveland	4,049	1,039.48	3,579	918.82	11.6% decrease
Columbus	6,416	767.50	6,147	735.32	4.2% decrease
Dayton	1,290	914.87	1,046	741.83	18.9% decrease
Youngstown	427	656.30	411	631.71	3.7% decrease
Total	16,372	849.36	15,526	805.47	5.2% decrease

- ❖ **Larceny/theft offenses decreased by 5.2%** during the second quarter of 2015³.
- ❖ Akron and Cincinnati reported an increase in the total number of larceny/theft offenses.

Table 6: Burglary, Q2, 2014 & 2015					
City	2014 Total	2014 Rate	2015 Total	2015 Rate	% Change
Akron	755	381.58	698	352.78	7.5% decrease
Cincinnati	1,249	418.90	1,120	375.63	10.3% decrease
Cleveland	1,868	479.56	1,529	392.53	18.1% decrease
Columbus	2,424	289.97	1,961	234.58	19.1% decrease
Dayton	760	539.00	658	466.66	13.4% decrease
Toledo	1,326	471.83	1,056	375.76	20.4% decrease
Youngstown	386	593.28	317	487.23	17.9% decrease
Total	8,768	396.99	7,339	332.29	16.3% decrease

- ❖ **Burglaries decreased by 16.3%** during the second quarter of 2015.
- ❖ All cities reported a decrease in burglaries.

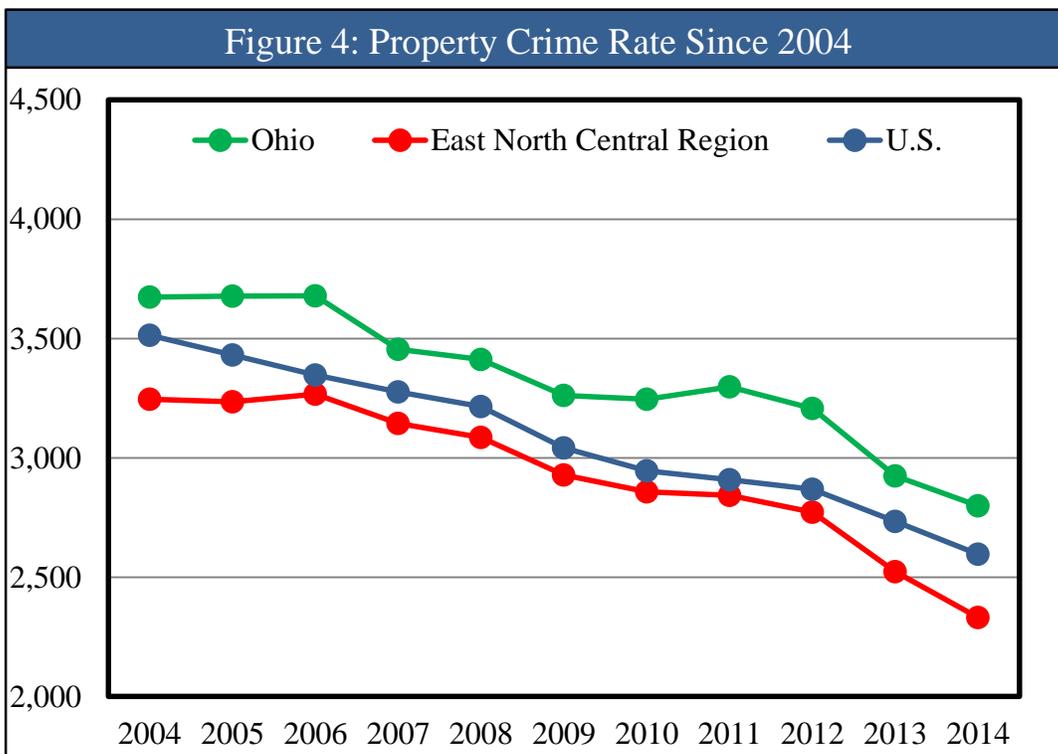
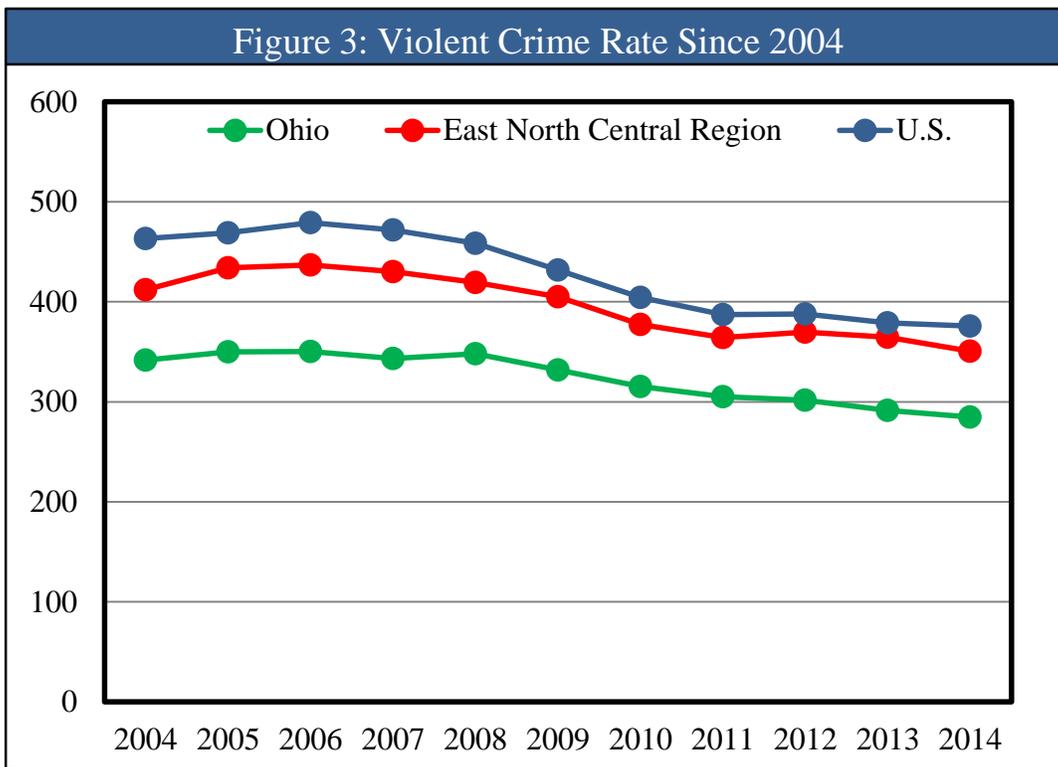
³ Data for Toledo larceny/theft offenses are not available.

2nd Quarter Crime in Major Ohio Cities, 2015

Table 7: Motor Vehicle Theft, Q2 , 2014 & 2015					
City	2014 Total	2014 Rate	2015 Total	2015 Rate	% Change
Akron	126	63.68	164	82.89	30.2% increase
Cincinnati	256	85.86	250	83.85	2.3% decrease
Cleveland	967	248.25	942	241.84	2.6% decrease
Columbus	703	84.10	781	93.43	11.1% increase
Dayton	125	88.65	137	97.16	9.6% increase
Toledo	274	97.50	232	82.55	15.3% decrease
Youngstown	70	107.59	77	118.35	10% increase
Total	2,521	114.14	2,583	116.95	2.5% increase

- ❖ **Motor vehicle thefts increased by 2.5%** during the second quarter of 2015.
- ❖ Akron, Columbus, Dayton, and Youngstown reported an increase in motor vehicle thefts.

2nd Quarter Crime in Major Ohio Cities, 2015



The "East North Central Region" includes Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, and Wisconsin.